

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 11-Nov-2010

Revision Date 19-Oct-2023

Revision Number 13

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Ca
Cat No. :	C/2
Index No	006
CAS No	75-
EC No	200
Molecular Formula	CS
REACH registration number	-

<u>Carbon disulfide</u> C/2880/PB08, C/2880/PB17 006-003-00-3 75-15-0 200-843-6 C S2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Sector of use	Laboratory chemicals. SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Carbon disulfide

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Flammable liquids

Health hazards

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H332 Harmful if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
- P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Stench

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor

Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

Category 2 (H225)

Category 4 (H332) Category 2 (H315) Category 2 (H319) Category 2 (H361fd) Category 1 (H372)

Carbon disulfide

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	EEC No. 200-843-6	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 2 (H361fd) STOT RE 1 (H372)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Carbon disulfide	Repr. 2 (H361fd) :: C>=1% STOT RE 1 (H372) :: C>=1% STOT RE 2 (H373) :: 0.2%<=C<1%	-	-

REACH registration number

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Use personal protective equipment as required.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Extremely flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Sulfur oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Carbon disulfide	STEL: 15 ppm 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm (8h)	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 45 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	Skin	STEL: 15 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr		STEL: 45 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin		Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See values below; See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Carbon disulfide 75-15-0(>95)		DNEL = 48mg/m ³		DNEL = 15.8mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment		Microorganisms in sewage treatment	
Carbon disulfide 75-15-0(>95)	PNEC = 10µg/L	PNEC = 0.07mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 0.021mg/L	PNEC = 0.13mg/L	PNEC = 8.1µg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Carbon disulfide 75-15-0 (>95)	PNEC = 1µg/L	PNEC = 7µg/kg sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Carbon disulfide

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
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Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits Flash Point	Colorless Stench No data available -111 °C / -167.8 °F No data available 46 °C / 114.8 °F Highly flammable Not applicable Lower 0.6 Upper 60 -30 °C / -22 °F	@ 760 mmHg On basis of test o Liquid
Flash Point	-30 °C / -22 °F	

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Carbon	disulfide
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Explosive Properties

		Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	100 - °C / 212 - °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
рН	No information available 5	
Viscosity	0.363 cP at 20 °C	
Water Solubility	Soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/w	vater)	
Component	log Pow	
Carbon disulfide	1.9	
Vapor Pressure	400 hPa @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	1.262	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	2.67 (Air = 1.0)	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C S2	
Molecular Weight	76.13	

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Excess heat. Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Amines. Halogens. Fluorine. Metals. copper. Butyl rubber. Oxidizing agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Oral Dermal	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation	Category 4

Carbon disulfide

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Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Carbon disulfide	LD50 = 1200 mg/kg (Rat)	-	LC50 = 10.35 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 2		
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 2		
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		et
	Substances which cause concerr the available information is not ac		
(f) carcinogenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
	There are no known carcinogenio	c chemicals in this product	
(g) reproductive toxicity;	Category 2		
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		et
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Category 1		
Target Organs	Central Vascular System (CVS), system (CNS), Kidney, Liver.	Peripheral Nervous Syster	n (PNS), Central nervous
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not m	et
Other Adverse Effects	Teratogenic effects have occurre	d in experimental animals.	
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Inhalation of high vapor concentr tiredness, nausea and vomiting.	ations may cause sympton	ns like headache, dizziness,

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties.Assess endocrine disrupting
properties for human health.Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

Component	EU National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists - Health
Carbon disulfide 75-15-0 (>95)	List II

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Contains a substance which is:. Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Carbon disulfide	LC50: = 4 mg/L, 96h static	EC50: = 2.1 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia	
	(Poecilia reticulata) LC50: 3 - 5.8 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Poecilia reticulata)	magna)	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Carbon disulfide	EC50 = 260 mg/L 15 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available Contains substances known to be hazardous to the water treatment plants.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely	
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Carbon disulfide	1.9	4.3 - 8 dimensionless
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u> <u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> <u>assessment</u>	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).	
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> <u>properties</u> Endocrine Disruptor Information Assess endocrine disrupting properties for the environment	Contains a substance on the National Authorities Er	ndocrine Disruptor Lists.
Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances
Carbon disulfide	Group II Chemical	
L	· · ·	

<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1131 CARBON DISULPHIDE 3 6.1 I
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1131 CARBON DISULPHIDE 3 6.1 I
IATA	FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1131 CARBON DISULPHIDE FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT 3 6.1 I
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	200-843-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-04755	Х	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	notific	iventory ation - Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	Х	ACT	IVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Carbon disulfide

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	5	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

ſ	Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
	-		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
			Notification	Requirements
[Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Carbon disulfide	WGK2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Carbon disulfide	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 22

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H332 - Harmful if inhaled H361fd - Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Legend **CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Dangerous Goods by Road Transport Association IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Ships **OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration factor VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound) Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hvaiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date	11-Nov-2010
Revision Date	19-Oct-2023
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet