

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 10-Nov-2010

Revision Date 25-Sep-2023

**Revision Number** 7

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Octyl aldehyde
Cat No. :	129480000; 129481000; 129485000
Synonyms CAS No	Octanal; Capryl aldehyde 124-13-0
EC No	204-683-8
Molecular Formula	C8 H16 O
REACH registration number	01-2119638274-38
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available
<b><u>1.3. Details of the supplier of the same same same same same same same sam</u></b>	afety data sheet
Company	
	UK entity/business name
	Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,
	Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom
	EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific
	Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US:</b> 001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99 <b>CHEMTREC</b> Tel. No. <b>US:</b> 001-800-424-9300 / <b>Europe:</b> 001-703-527-3887

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

#### Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 3 (H226)

#### Health hazards

#### Revision Date 25-Sep-2023

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

#### **Environmental hazards**

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

Octyl aldehyde



#### Signal Word

Warning

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Caprylaldehyde	124-13-0	EEC No. 204-683-8	>95	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)

Category 2 (H315) Category 2 (H319)

Category 2 (H411)

#### REACH registration number

01-2119638274-38

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.	
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.	
Skin Contact	Get medical attention. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.	
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Use personal protective equipment as required.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Octyl aldehyde

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. To maintain product quality. Keep refrigerated.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### Octyl aldehyde

#### **Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)** / **Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)** See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Caprylaldehyde 124-13-0 ( >95 )				DNEL = 0.37mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Caprylaldehyde				DNEL = 1.3mg/m <sup>3</sup>
124-13-0 ( >95 )				-

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Caprylaldehyde	PNEC =	PNEC =		PNEC = 3.16mg/L	PNEC =
124-13-0 (>95)	0.00154mg/L	0.07146mg/kg			0.01339mg/kg soil
		sediment dw			dw

	Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
	Caprylaldehyde	PNEC =	PNEC =			
	124-13-0(>95)	0.000154mg/L	0.00715mg/kg			
L			sediment dw			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ventilation systems. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or

equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Protective aloves

#### Personal protective equipment

Eve Protection

Hand Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber Neoprene Natural rubber PVC	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

Wear a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved full-facepiece airline

	respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Octyl aldehyde

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Light yellow Odorless No data available 12 - 15 °C / 53.6 - 59 °F No data available 171 °C / 339.8 °F Flammable Not applicable No data available	@ 760 mmHg On basis of test data Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water Component Caprylaldehyde	log Pow 2.78	Method - No information available
Vapor Pressure Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics 9.2. Other information	0.85 mmHg @ 25 °C 0.821 Not applicable 4.42 Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)
Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Explosive Properties	C8 H16 O 128.21 explosive air/vapour mixtures possibl	e

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reacti	ons
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Strong reducing agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition pro	ducts_

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Octyl aldehyde

Oral Dermal Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Caprylaldehyde	4616 mg/kg (Rat)	5207 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 4.7 mg/L (Rat)4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 2
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 2
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

- (g) reproductive toxicity; No data available
- (h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	No information available.
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

 Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. known or suspected endocrine disruptors.	This product does not contain any

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecotoxicity effects	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic
	environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the
	environment.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence	Persistence is unlikely.
Degradation in sewage	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste
treatment plant	water treatment plants.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Caprylaldehyde	2.78	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil	Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not empty into drains.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number	UN1191
14.2. UN proper shipping name	OCTYL ALDEHYDES
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	III

ADR

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN1191
14.2. UN proper shipping name	OCTYL ALDEHYDES
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	III

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	UN1191 OCTYL ALDEHYDES 3 III
14.5. Environmental hazards	Dangerous for the environment Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

#### Octyl aldehyde

#### Revision Date 25-Sep-2023

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Caprylaldehyde	124-13-0	204-683-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-26609	Х	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	notific	ventory ation - Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Caprylaldehyde	124-13-0	Х	ACT	ΓIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Not applicable

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Componer	t	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Caprylaldehy	de	124-13-0	-	-	

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -		
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report		
		Notification	Requirements		
Caprylaldehyde	124-13-0	Not applicable	Not applicable		

# Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

#### Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

#### National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Caprylaldehyde	WGK2	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer DNEL - Derived No Effect Level Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Dangerous Goods by Road Transport Association IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Dangerous Goods Code Ships

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

#### Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	10-Nov-2010
Revision Date	25-Sep-2023
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

### **End of Safety Data Sheet**

ACR12948