

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 13-May-2009 Revision Date 29-Sep-2023 Revision Number 9

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: (R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine, 1M solution in toluene

Cat No. : 369780000; 369780050; 369780250

Synonyms (R)-3,3-Diphenyl-1-methylpyrrolidino[1,2-c]-1,3,2-oxazaborole

Molecular Formula C18 H20 B N O

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) NEMC-E3QS-EX0C-UEM4

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine, 1M solution in toluene

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Category 2 (H373)

Health hazards

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 (H304) Acute oral toxicity Category 4 (H302) Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2 (H315) Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318) Category 2 (H361d) Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Precautionary Statements

- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	62-76	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) STOT SE 3 (H336) Repr. 2 (H361d) STOT RE 2 (H373)
(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine	112022-83-0	443-530-1	24-38	Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 4 (H302)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eve Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting Ingestion

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention. Do not use Inhalation

> mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eve burns. . Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Alcohol resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

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(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine, 1M solution in toluene

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Oxides of boron.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep under nitrogen.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Toluene	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8hr)	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 192 mg/m³ (8hr)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 min
	TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Toluene 108-88-3 (62-76)				DNEL = 384mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Toluene 108-88-3(62-76)	DNEL = 384mg/m ³	DNEL = 384mg/m ³	DNEL = 192mg/m ³	DNEL = 192mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Toluene	PNEC = 0.68mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.68mg/L	PNEC = 13.61mg/L	PNEC = 2.89mg/kg
108-88-3 (62-76)		16.39mg/kg			soil dw
		sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Toluene	PNEC = 0.68mg/L	PNEC =			
108-88-3 (62-76)		16.39mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine, 1M solution in toluene

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
PVC				

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance

Odor No information available

Odor Threshold

Melting Point/Range

Softening Point

Boiling Point/Range

111 °C / 231.8 °F

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

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Frankasian Limita Ne data available

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 4 °C / 39.2 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
Viscosity
Water Solubility
Solubility in other solvents
No data available
No information available
No information available
No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowToluene2.73

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.95

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C18 H20 B N O

Molecular Weight 277.17

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Moisture sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Bases. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Oxides of boron.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Toluene	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat)1 h
(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine	200-2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 2

Reproductive Effects SUSPECT REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY INJURE

UNBORN CHILD (CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS) (BASED ON ANIMAL DATA).

Teratogenicity Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS). Results / Target organs

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Central nervous system (CNS), Neuropsychological effects, Eyes, Ears. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information The toxicological properties have not

been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains.

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Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Toluene	50-70 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: = 11.5 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 12.5 mg/L, 72h static
	5-7 mg/L LC50 96 h	(Daphnia magna)	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
	15-19 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L, 48h	EC50: > 433 mg/L, 96h
	28 mg/L LC50 96 h	Static (Daphnia magna)	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
	12 mg/L LC50 96 h		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Toluene	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Degradability
Toluene	86% (20d)
108-88-3 (62-76)	

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

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water treatment plants.

No information available 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Toluene	2.73	90

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1294

14.2. UN proper shipping name **TOLUENE SOLUTION**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

UN1294 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name **TOLUENE SOLUTION**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

UN1294 14.1. UN number

TOLUENE SOLUTION 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 II 14.4. Packing group

No hazards identified 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	-	-	Х	X	KE-33936	X	Х
(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine	112022-83-0	-	443-530-1	-	Х	X	-	-	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Toluene	108-88-3	X	ACTIVE	X	Ī	X	X	Х
(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine	112022-83-0	-	=	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
-		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
			Substances	Substances of Very High

(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine, 1M solution in toluene

Toluene

108-88-3

- Use restricted. See item
48.
(see link for restriction
details)
Use restricted. See item
75.
(see link for restriction
details)

Use restricted. See item
75.
(see link for restriction
details)

(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Toluene	108-88-3	Not applicable	Not applicable
(R)-2-Methyl-CBS-oxazabor olidine	112022-83-0	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Toluene	WGK3	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Toluene	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 4bis,RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Toluene 108-88-3 (62-76)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	

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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

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EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

13-May-2009 **Creation Date Revision Date** 29-Sep-2023 Not applicable. **Revision Summary**

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as

amended.

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet