

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 08-Mar-2012

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

**Revision Number** 14

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:
Cat No. :
Synonyms
Molecular Formula

<u>Sebacoyl chloride</u> 294900000; 294900500; 294902500; 294905000 Sebacyl chloride C10 H16 Cl2 O2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

**UK entity/business name** Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

#### **EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

### Physical hazards

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal

Health hazards

Category 1 (H290)

#### Sebacoyl chloride

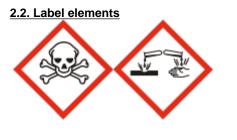
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Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

#### Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



#### Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

EUH029 - Contact with water liberates toxic gas

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Decomposes in contact with water Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears) Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Decanedioyl dichloride	111-19-3	EEC No. 203-843-4	> 92	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 2 (H310) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) (EUH029)
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	231-595-7	1-3	Met. Corr. 1 (H290) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

Category 4 (H302) Category 2 (H310) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318)

#### Sebacoyl chloride

#### Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

				STOT SE 3 (H335)
Decanedioic acid	111-20-6	EEC No. 203-845-5	1-3	-

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Hydrochloric acid	Skin Corr. 1B :: C>=25% Skin Irrit. 2 :: 10%<=C<25% Eye Irrit. 2 :: 10%<=C<25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=10% Met. Corr. 1 :: C>=0.1%	-	-

#### Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Skin Contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	Immediate medical attention is required. Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
	Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure and increased heart rate: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## **Notes to Physician** Effects of contact or inhalation may be delayed. Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical. Chemical foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons Water.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contact with water liberates toxic gas.

#### Sebacoyl chloride

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Should not be released into the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not expose spill to water. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Keep under nitrogen. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not allow contact with water because of violent reaction.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosives area. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep under nitrogen. Keep away from water or moist air.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 6.1A Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Hydrochloric acid	STEL: 5 ppm 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr. F
	STEL: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Hydrochloric acid 7647-01-0(1-3)	DNEL = 15mg/m <sup>3</sup>		DNEL = 8mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment		Microorganisms in sewage treatment	,
Decanedioic acid 111-20-6 (1-3)	PNEC = 0.018mg/L		PNEC = 0.18mg/L	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC = 0.0986mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Decanedioic acid	PNEC =	PNEC =			
111-20-6 (1-3)	0.0018mg/L	0.0547mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equi Eye Protection	•	(European standard	1 - EN 166)	
Hand Protection	Protectiv	e gloves		
Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)

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Butyl rubber	-
Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance	Light yellow	
Odor	Strong	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	-2.5 °C / 27.5 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	@ <b>7</b> 5
Boiling Point/Range	220 °C / 428 °F	@ 75 mmHg
Flammability (liquid)	No data available	Linuid
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable No data available	Liquid
Explosion Limits	NO Udla avaliable	
Flash Point	> 110 °C / > 230 °F	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Water Solubility	Decomposes in contact with water	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat	er)	
Component	log Pow	
Decanedioic acid	1.5	
Vapor Pressure	75 mmHg @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	1.121	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	8.25	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	

9.2. Other information

Sebacoyl chloride

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight C10 H16 Cl2 O2 239.14

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity	Yes Water reactive
10.2. Chemical stability	Moisture sensitive. Contact with water liberates toxic gas.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reacti	ons
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Water reactive.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Bases. Strong acids. Alcohols. Metals. Oxidizing agent.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 2InhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Decanedioyl dichloride	LD50 = 400 mg/kg(Rat)	56 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Hydrochloric acid	238 - 277 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5010 mg/kg (Rabbit)	1.68 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Decanedioic acid	LD50 = 3400 mg/kg (Rat)	>2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 B
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(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

- (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;<br/>Respiratory<br/>SkinNo data available<br/>No data available
- (e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	No information available.
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure and increased heart rate. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.
11.2. Information on other hazards	

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 12.1. Toxicity

Sebacoyl chloride

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

Do not empty into drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Hydrochloric acid	282 mg/L LC50 96 h Gambusia	56mg/L EC50 72h Daphnia	-
	affinis		
	mg/L LC50 48 h Leucscus idus		
Decanedioic acid	LC50 >100 mg/L/96h	EC50 >100 mg/L/48h	
	(Brachydanio rerio)	-	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Hydrochloric acid	-	

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. Decomposes in contact with water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Product does not bioaccumulate due to reaction with water

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Decanedioic acid	1.5	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

F

Degradability

Decomposes in contact with water Is not likely mobile in the environment. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Decomposes in contact with water.
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

#### **<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u>** Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

Sebacoyl chloride

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN2922
<u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u>	Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Sebacoyl chloride
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u>	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	6.1
<u>14.4. Packing group</u>	II
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN2922
<u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u>	Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Sebacoyl chloride
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u>	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	6.1
<u>14.4. Packing group</u>	II
IATA_	

<u>14.1. UN number</u> 14.2. UN proper shipping name	UN2922 Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Sebacoyl chloride
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Subsidiary Hazard Class	6.1
14.4. Packing group	II

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No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

according to IMO instruments

14.5. Environmental hazards

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Decanedioyl dichloride	111-19-3	203-843-4	-	-	Х	Х	KE-30910	Х	Х
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	231-595-7	-	-	Х	Х	KE-20189	Х	Х
Decanedioic acid	111-20-6	203-845-5	-	-	Х	Х	KE-09402	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Decanedioyl dichloride	111-19-3	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Decanedioic acid	111-20-6	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Decanedioyl dichloride	111-19-3	-	-	-
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Decanedioic acid	111-20-6	-	-	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Decanedioyl dichloride	111-19-3	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	25 tonne	250 tonne
Decanedioic acid	111-20-6	Not applicable	Not applicable

# Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work . Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 2000/34/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### **WGK Classification**

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Hydrochloric acid	WGK1	
Decanedioic acid	WGK1	

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Hydrochloric acid	Prohibited and Restricted		
7647-01-0(1-3)	Substances		
Decanedioic acid	Prohibited and Restricted		
111-20-6 ( 1-3 )	Substances		

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H310 Fatal in contact with skin
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318 Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

EUH029 - Contact with water liberates toxic gas

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	<b>TSCA</b> - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	,
RECE - Rolean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	<b>POW</b> - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

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ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air
Dangerous Goods by Road	Transport Association
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from
Dangerous Goods Code	Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)
Key literature references and sources for data	
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, F	RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth HazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Creation Date	08-Mar-2012
Revision Date	09-Feb-2024
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# End of Safety Data Sheet