

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 29-Apr-2010

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

Revision Number 9

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier	
Product Description: Cat No. : Molecular Formula	<u>Sodium acetylide, 18 wt% slurry in xylene</u> 430700000; 430701000; 430708000 C2 H Na
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	HPSG-0T7S-2W0M-2RRV
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet
Company	UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US: 001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US: 001-800-424-9300 / Europe: 001-703-527-3887
Poison Centre - Emergency information services	Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) - 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week) Malta : +356 2395 2000 Cyprus : +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases Category 3 (H226) Category 2 (H261)

Sodium acetylide, 18 wt% slurry in xylene

Health hazards

Aspiration Toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

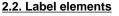
Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 1 (H304) Category 4 (H312) Category 4 (H332) Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318) Category 3 (H335) Category 2 (H373)

Category 3 (H412)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16





Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- EUH014 Reacts violently with water

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P231 + P232 - Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Reacts violently with water

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	EEC No. 215-535-7	78-83	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)
Sodium acetylide (Na(C2H))	1066-26-8	EEC No. 213-908-9	17-22	Water-react. 2 (H261) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) (EUH014)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.
Inhalation	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Use personal protective equipment as required.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
	Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Ingestion causes severe

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Reacts violently with water. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Acetylene, Sodium oxides, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not expose spill to water. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact

Sodium acetylide, 18 wt% slurry in xylene

with water. Handle under an inert atmosphere. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from water or moist air. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Corrosives area. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep refrigerated.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510Class 4.3Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)Class 4.3

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s): **UK** - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Component	United Kingdom	European Union
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Methyl hippuric acid: 650 mmol/mol	
	creatinine urine post shift	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 (78-83)				DNEL = 212mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 (78-83)	DNEL = 442mg/m ³	DNEL = 442mg/m ³	DNEL = 221mg/m ³	DNEL = 221mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water		Microorganisms in	,
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC = 6.58mg/L	PNEC = 2.31mg/kg
isomers)		12.46mg/kg			soil dw
1330-20-7 (78-83)		sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	PNEC = 0.327mg/L	PNEC =			
isomers)		12.46mg/kg			
1330-20-7 (78-83)		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles	(European standard	I - EN 166)	
Hand Protection	Protectiv	e gloves		
Glove material Viton (R)	Breakthrough time See manufacturers	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments	
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)	
	recommendations				
Obline and heads made	taatlan lamarala	مريمها مامناهم			_

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Brown Strong No data available No data available No data available No information available Flammable Not applicable No data available	On basis of test data Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate Component Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) Vapor Pressure	25 °C / 77 °F No data available No data available No information available No data available Reacts violently with water No information available er) log Pow 3.15 No data available	Method - No information available
Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	0.936 Not applicable No data available Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Explosive Properties Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable	C2 H Na 48.02 explosive air/vapour mixtures possible Emitted gas ignites spontaneously Gas(es) = Acetylene	

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	Yes
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Reacts violently with water.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to moisture.

gases

Sodium acetylide, 18 wt% slurry in xylene

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Water. Acids. Strong bases. Alcohols. Halogens.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Acetylene. Sodium oxides. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;	
Oral	No data available
Dermal	No data available
Inhalation	No data available

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	LD50 = 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	29.08 mg/L [MOE Risk Assessment Vol.1, 2002]
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available		
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	No data available		
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available		
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available		
	There are no known carcinoge	enic chemicals in this product	
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available		
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available		
Results / Target organs	Respiratory system.		
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available		
Target Organs	Central nervous system (CNS	i), Liver, Kidney.	
(j) aspiration hazard;	Category 1		
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties ha	ave not been fully investigated.	
Symptoms / effects,both acute and	Symptoms of overexposure m	nay be headache, dizziness, tire	dness, nausea and vomiting.

Revision Date 11-Oct-2023

delayed

Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Sodium acetylide, 18 wt% slurry in xylene

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health.	This product does not contain any
	known or suspected endocrine disruptors.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Very toxic to aquatic organisms. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	LC50: 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 780 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: > 780 mg/L, 96h (Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 19 mg/L, 96h (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L, 96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 13.4 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	LC50: = 0.6 mg/L, 48h (Gammarus lacustris) EC50: = 3.82 mg/L, 48h (water flea)	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability No information available

Persistence	Persistence is unlikely.
Degradability	Reacts with water.
Degradation in sewage	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste
treatment plant	water treatment plants. Reacts violently with water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3.15	0.6 - 15 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

Reacts violently with water . Is not likely mobile in the environment.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB Reacts violently with water.

assessment

<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class 14.4. Packing group ADR	UN3399 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE Sodium acetylide, Xylene 4.3 3 I
<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN3399
<u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u>	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE
Technical Shipping Name	Sodium acetylide, Xylene
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u>	4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
<u>14.4. Packing group</u>	I

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number_	UN3399
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable
Technical Shipping Name	Sodium acetylide, Xylene

Sodium acetylide, 18 wt% slurry in xylene

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary Hazard Class 14.4. Packing group	4.3 3 I
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	215-535-7	-	-	Х	Х	KE-35427	Х	Х
Sodium acetylide (Na(C2H))	1066-26-8	213-908-9	-	-	-	Х	KE-31339	-	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Sodium acetylide (Na(C2H))	1066-26-8	Х	ACTIVE	-	Х	X	Х	-

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Sodium acetylide (Na(C2H))	1066-26-8	-	-	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Maior Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Not applicable	Not applicable
Sodium acetylide (Na(C2H))	1066-26-8	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Sodium acetylide, 18 wt% slurry in xylene

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	WGK2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 4bis,RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 (78-83)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group II	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

EUH014 - Reacts violently with water

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventorv

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic 	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, R	
Classification and procedure used to derive the classification	on for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification and procedure	used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 12/2/2008 [CLP]:
Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health Hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date	29-Apr-2010
Revision Date	11-Oct-2023
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet