

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 07-Mar-2012

Revision Date 21-Sep-2023

**Revision Number** 8

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:
Cat No. :
Synonyms
CAS No
EC No
Molecular Formula

Trimethylacetic acid 140020000; 14002050; 140021000; 140025000 Pivalic acid; 2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid 75-98-9 200-922-5 C5 H10 O2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

**UK entity/business name** Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

#### EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

#### Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Health hazards

#### Trimethylacetic acid

Acute oral toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 4 (H302) Category 2 (H315) Category 2 (H319)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Warning

#### Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	75-98-9	EEC No. 200-922-5	>95	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Acute Tox. 4 (H302)

#### Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
1.2 Most important symptoms and	affects both acute and delayed

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO 2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

**Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons** No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Trimethylacetic acid

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust formation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 11 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION** 

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid 75-98-9 (>95)				DNEL = 1.67mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid 75-98-9 ( >95 )				DNEL = 2.94mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment Eye Protection

Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection	Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Butyl rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	-	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
---	---	---	-----------------------	---

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Particulates filter conforming to EN 143
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure



Trimethylacetic acid

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. **Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	White pungent No data available 33 - 35 °C / 91.4 - 95 °F No data available 163 - 164 °C / 325.4 - 327.2 °F Not applicable No information available No data available	@ 760 mmHg Solid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH	63 °C / 145.4 °F No data available No data available No information available	Method - No information available
Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate	Not applicable 25 g/l water (20°C) No information available	Solid
Component 2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid Vapor Pressure Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	log Pow 1.8 9.75 mmHg @ 60 °C 0.889 No data available Not applicable No data available	Solid
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C5 H10 O2	

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Explosive Properties Evaporation Rate C5 H10 O2 102.13 explosive air/vapour mixtures possible Not applicable - Solid

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available	
10.2. Chemical stability	Moisture sensitive. Stable under normal conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions	
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.	

ACR14002

Trimethylacetic acid Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. Temperatures above 50°C. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Bases. Reducing Agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Product Information** 

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	LD50 = 900 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 5.3 mg/L (Rat)4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 2
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 2
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	None known.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Not applicable Solid
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.
11.2. Information on other hazards	

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any
	known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

**Trimethylacetic acid** 

Do not empty into drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	LC50: > 300 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		EC50: = 75 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability Persis

Persistence	Persistence is unlikely.
Degradability	Inherently biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	1.8	No data available

<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directive on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.			
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.			

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.		
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.		

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG/IMO	Not regulated
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	
ADR	Not regulated
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Trimethylacetic acid

International Inventories Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	75-98-9	200-922-5	-	-	Х	Х	97-3-5	Х	Х
Component CAS No TSCA TSCA Inventory DSL NDSL AICS NZIOC PICC							PICCS		
			notification - Active-Inactive		DOL	NDOL	AIUU	112100	1000
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	75-98-9	Х	ACT	IVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	· · · · J· · · ·	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	75-98-9	-	-	-

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	75-98-9	Not applicable	Not applicable

## Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

#### Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

#### National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
2,2-Dimethylpropanoic acid	WGK1	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION** 

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Legend

#### Trimethylacetic acid

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemica Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	
<b>PICCS</b> - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
<b>IECSC</b> - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
<b>PBT</b> - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	<b>vPvB</b> - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
<b>ADR</b> - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association
<b>IMO/IMDG</b> - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	<b>MARPOL</b> - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)
Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Creation Date	07-Mar-2012
Revision Date	21-Sep-2023
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

## This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## End of Safety Data Sheet