

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 16-Nov-2010 Revision Date 13-Oct-2023 Revision Number 11

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl Alcohol (25:24:1 Mixture)

Cat No. : BP1752I-100; BP1752I-400

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) WQQ8-H3EX-CX06-KPNQ

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

**UK entity/business name** Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG,

United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel,

Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

## **Physical hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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#### **Health hazards**

Acute oral toxicity Category 3 (H301) Acute dermal toxicity Category 3 (H311) Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 3 (H331) Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1 (H314) B Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318) Category 2 (H341) Germ Cell Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Category 2 (H351) Reproductive Toxicity Category 2 (H361d) Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336) Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 1 (H372)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

## **Precautionary Statements**

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

## Additional EU labelling

For use in industrial installations only

## 2.3. Other hazards

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms
Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Chloroform	67-66-3	200-663-8	45-50	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) Repr. 2 (H361d) STOT RE 1 (H372)
Phenol	108-95-2	EEC No. 203-632-7	45-50	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Muta. 2 (H341) STOT RE 2 (H373)
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	EEC No. 204-633-5	1-3	Flam Liq. 3 (H226) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) (EUH066)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Chloroform	STOT RE 2 : C ≥ 5 %	-	-
Phenol	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) :: 1%<=C<3% Skin Corr. 1B (H314) :: C>=3% Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) :: 1%<=C<3%		-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Chloroform	01-2119486657-20-0015	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Inhalation** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask

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equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN: Systemic Toxicity: Causes central nervous system depression: Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: Exposure through inhalation may result in delayed pulmonary edema, which may be fatal: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### **Notes to Physician**

Treat symptomatically. Signs of overdose include stupor and respiratory depression. Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors, Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

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## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 6.1C

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Chloroform	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 9.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	TWA: 9.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	STEL: 6 ppm	Possibility of significant	STEL: 6 ppm 15 min
	STEL: 29.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	uptake through the skin	STEL: 29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	_		Skin
Phenol	STEL: 4 ppm 15 min	TWA: 2 ppm (8h)	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 8 mg/m³ (8h)	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 4 ppm (15min)	STEL: 4 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 7.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin
Isoamyl alcohol	STEL: 125 ppm 15 min		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 458 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		TWA: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr		STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	TWA: 366 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr		STEL: 37 ppm 15 min

#### **Biological limit values**

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## Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl Alcohol (25:24:1 Mixture)

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List source(s):

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Chloroform				DNEL = 0.94mg/kg
67-66-3 ( 45-50 )				bw/day
Phenol				DNEL = 1.23mg/kg
108-95-2 ( 45-50 )				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Chloroform 67-66-3 ( 45-50 )		DNEL = 333mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 2.5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 2.5mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Phenol 108-95-2 ( 45-50 )	DNEL = 16mg/m <sup>3</sup>			DNEL = 8mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Isoamyl alcohol 123-51-3 ( 1-3 )	DNEL = 292mg/m <sup>3</sup>		DNEL = 73.16mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Chloroform	PNEC = 0.146mg/L	PNEC = 0.45mg/kg	PNEC = 0.133mg/L	PNEC = 0.048mg/L	PNEC = 0.56mg/kg
67-66-3 ( 45-50 )	-	sediment dw	-	-	soil dw
Phenol	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.031mg/L	PNEC = 2.1mg/L	PNEC =
108-95-2 ( 45-50 )	0.0077mg/L	0.0915mg/kg	_	_	0.136mg/kg soil dw
	-	sediment dw			
Isoamyl alcohol	PNEC = 0.12mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 1.2mg/L	PNEC = 37mg/L	PNEC =
123-51-3 ( 1-3 )		0.496mg/kg			0.0287mg/kg soil
		sediment dw			dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Chloroform	PNEC = 0.015mg/L	PNEC = 0.09mg/kg			
67-66-3 ( 45-50 )		sediment dw			
Phenol	PNEC =	PNEC =			
108-95-2 ( 45-50 )	0.00077mg/L	0.00915mg/kg			
		sediment dw			
Isoamyl alcohol	PNEC = 0.012mg/L	PNEC =			
123-51-3 ( 1-3 )		0.0496mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

## Personal protective equipment

Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl Alcohol (25:24:1 Mixture)

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**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

**Hand Protection** Protective gloves

Breakthrough time Glove thickness **EU** standard Glove comments Glove material EN 374 Viton (R) See manufacturers (minimum requirement)

recommendations

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387 low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Liquid

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical State** Liquid

**Appearance** Yellow

Odor No information available No data available **Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range** No data available Softening Point No data available Boiling Point/Range No information available Flammability (liquid) No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

**Explosion Limits** No data available

No information available **Flash Point** Method - No information available

**Autoignition Temperature** No data available No data available **Decomposition Temperature** 

3.0-8.2 Ha

No data available **Viscosity** Partially miscible **Water Solubility** Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

#### Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl Alcohol (25:24:1 Mixture)

Chloroform 2

Chloroform 2 Phenol 1.5 Isoamyl alcohol 1.35

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.280

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

#### 9.2. Other information

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

Sensitivity to light Moisture sensitive.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acetone. Alkali metals. Aluminium.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 3
Dermal Category 3
Inhalation Category 3

## Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Chloroform	LD50 = 908 mg/kg (rat) LD50 = 695 mg/kg ( Rat ) LD50 = 450 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 > 20 g/kg(Rabbit)	LC50 = 10.5 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Phenol	LD50 = 340 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 630 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 316 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 4 h
Isoamyl alcohol	LD50 = 5770 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3250 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 > 2000 ppm (Rat) 8 h

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Category 1 B (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory No data available Skin

Category 2 (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Substances which cause concern for man owing to possible mutagenic effects but for which

the available information is not adequate for making a satisfactory assessment

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Chloroform				Group 2B
Phenol			Cat. 3B	

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 2

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS), Respiratory system.

Category 1 (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** Central nervous system (CNS), Eyes, Respiratory system, Kidney, Heart, Liver, Skin.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. Systemic Toxicity. Causes central nervous system depression. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing. Exposure through inhalation may result in delayed pulmonary edema, which may be fatal. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Contains a substance which is:. The product contains following substances which are

hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

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## Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl Alcohol (25:24:1 Mixture)

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Chloroform	LC50: = 300 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 71 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 28.9 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 560 mg/L/48h
Phenol	4-7 mg/L LC50 96 h 32 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) EC50: 4.24 - 10.7 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)	EC50: 187 - 279 mg/L, 72h static (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: 0.0188 - 0.1044 mg/L, 96h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: = 46.42 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
Isoamyl alcohol	LC50 96 h 700 mg/L (rainbow trout)	EC50: = 260 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: = 181 mg/L, 96h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: = 493 mg/L, 72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Chloroform	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 520 mg/L/5	
	min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670	
	mg/L/15 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670	
	mg/L/30min	
Phenol	EC50 21 - 36 mg/L 30 min	
	EC50 = 23.28 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 25.61 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 28.8 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 31.6 mg/L 15 min	
Isoamyl alcohol	EC50 = 2500 mg/L 17 h	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Chloroform	2	1.4 - 13 dimensionless	
Phenol	1.5	17.5 dimensionless	
		647 dimensionless	
Isoamyl alcohol	1.35	No data available	

12.4. Mobility in soil No information available .

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

No data available for assessment.

assessment

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

**Persistent Organic Pollutant** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance **Ozone Depletion Potential** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. **Contaminated Packaging** 

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will

affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. **Technical Shipping Name** (PHENOL, CHLOROFORM)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2810

TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 14.2. UN proper shipping name **Technical Shipping Name** (PHENOL, CHLOROFORM)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group П

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. **Technical Shipping Name** (PHENOL, CHLOROFORM) 6.1 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

П

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

Not applicable, packaged goods 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Chloroform	67-66-3	200-663-8	ı	ı	X	X	X	Χ	X
Phenol	108-95-2	203-632-7	-	-	Х	X	X	X	Х
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	204-633-5	-	-	Х	Х	KE-23575	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Chloroform	67-66-3	X	ACTIVE	X	Ī	X	Χ	X
Phenol	108-95-2	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	X
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Chloroform	67-66-3	-	Use restricted. See item 32. (see http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Le xUriServ/LexUriServ.do?ur i=CELEX:32006R1907:EN: NOT for restriction details)	
Phenol	108-95-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	-	-	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

## Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Chloroform	67-66-3	Not applicable	Not applicable
Phenol	108-95-2	Not applicable	Not applicable
Isoamyl alcohol	123-51-3	Not applicable	Not applicable

# Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Comp	onent	ANNEX I - PART 1	ANNEX I - PART 2	ANNEX I - PART 3
		List of chemicals subject to	List of chemicals qualifying for	List of chemicals subject to the
		export notification procedure	PIC notification	PIC procedure
		(referred to in Article 8)	(referred to in Article 11)	(referred to in Articles 13 and

#### Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl Alcohol (25:24:1 Mixture)

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			14)
Chloroform 67-66-3 ( 45-50 )	b — ban (for the category or categories concerned)	-	-
	b — ban (for the category or categories concerned)		
	i(2) — industrial chemical for public		

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0649&qid=1604065742303.

# Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### **WGK Classification**

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Chloroform	WGK 3	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
Phenol	WGK2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
Isoamyl alcohol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)			
Chloroform	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 12			
Phenol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 14			
Isoamyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84			

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Chloroform 67-66-3 ( 45-50 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		Annex I - industrial chemical
Phenol 108-95-2 ( 45-50 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

## Phenol/Chloroform/Isoamyl Alcohol (25:24:1 Mixture)

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H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eve damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

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MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

## Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Shins

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

**Creation Date** 16-Nov-2010 **Revision Date** 13-Oct-2023

SDS sections updated. **Revision Summary** 

## This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as

#### amended.

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#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**