

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 29-Apr-2014

Revision Date 25-Sep-2023

**Revision Number** 7

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol
Cat No. :	139750000; 139750025; 139750250; 139751000; 139755000; 139750100
Synonyms	TFE
CAS No	75-89-8
EC No	200-913-6
Molecular Formula	C2 H3 F3 O
REACH registration number	01-2119488763-23

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Sector of use	Laboratory chemicals. SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	No Information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	<b>UK entity/business name</b> Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom <b>EU entity/business name</b> Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium
E-mail address	begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	For information <b>US</b> call: 001-800-227-6701 / <b>Europe</b> call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number <b>US:</b> 001-201-796-7100 / <b>Europe:</b> +32 14 57 52 99

CHEMTREC Tel. No. US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

## 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

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#### Flammable liquids

#### Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

## Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

#### Hazard Statements

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H318 Causes serious eye damage

H360F - May damage fertility

- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H301 + H331 Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

## Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

## 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Category 3 (H226)

Category 3 (H301) Category 3 (H331) Category 1 (H318) Category 1B (H360F) Category 2 (H373)

## 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

## 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	75-89-8	EEC No. 200-913-6	99.8	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Repr. 1B (H360F) STOT RE 2 (H373)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.	
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Use personal protective equipment as required.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
	Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		

## Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

**Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons** No information available.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

#### Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

ACR13975

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## Exposure limits

List source(s):

## **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

Workers; See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol 75-89-8 ( 99.8 )			DNEL = 0.1mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

No information available.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective eq Eye Protection	•	(European standard	I - EN 166)		
Hand Protection	Protectiv	ve gloves			
<b>Glove material</b> Nitrile rubber Neoprene Natural rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)	

Inspect gloves before use.

Skin and body protection

**PVC** 

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Long sleeved clothing.

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger

## of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance	Colorless	
Odor	Characteristic	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	-45 °C / -49 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	77 - 80 °C / 170.6 - 176 °F	
Flammability (liquid)	Flammable	On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 5.5	
	Upper 42	
Flash Point	29 °C / 84.2 °F	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	480 - °C / 896 - °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH	5.0-7.5	
Viscosity	1.75 mPa.s @ 25 °C	
Water Solubility	Miscible	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate	,	
Component	log Pow	
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	0.3	
Vapor Pressure	70 mmHg @ 25°C	
Density / Specific Gravity	1.390	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	3.45	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	C2 H3 F3 O	

Molecular Weight Explosive Properties C2 H3 F3 O 100.04 explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	No information available. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Bases. Metals. Strong oxidizing agents.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity; Oral

> Dermal Inhalation

Category 3	
Based on available data,	the classification criteria are not met
Category 3	

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	LD50 153 - 177 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 >2000 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 = 3,25 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	Not mutagenic in AMES Test
(f) carcinogenicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Reproductive Effects	Category 1B May impair fertility.
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Category 2
Target Organs	Blood.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
11.2. Information on other hazards	

# **Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	LC50: 105 - 135 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	0.3	No data available

<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	No data available for assessment.

assessment

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u>** Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN1992
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	6.1
14.4. Packing group	III

## <u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number	UN1992
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	6.1
14.4. Packing group	III

## <u>IATA</u>

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN1992
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	6.1
14.4. Packing group	III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

No hazards identified

2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

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14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable, packaged goods

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

2.2.2.Trifluoroethanol 75-89-8 200-913-6 - Y Y - Y	Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
	2 2 2-1 ritilioroetnanoi	75-89-8	200-913-6	-	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	75-89-8	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

**KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	75-89-8	-	-	-

## Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	75-89-8	Not applicable	Not applicable

# Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

# Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? See table for values

Component	OECD PFAS	US (EPA) PFAS	EU (ECHA) PFAS	UK (HSE) PFAS	Chemsec PFAS (Sin List)
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol (CAS #: 75-89-8)	-	-	Listed	Listed	Listed

#### PFAS Legend

Listed = Meets the PFAS definition of the named authority

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

## 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

## **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

## WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	WGK1	

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H331 - Toxic if inhaled H360F - May damage fertility

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

## Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	<ul> <li>TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory</li> <li>DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List</li> <li>ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances</li> <li>AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances</li> <li>NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals</li> </ul>
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	<ul> <li>TWA - Time Weighted Average</li> <li>IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer</li> <li>Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)</li> <li>LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%</li> <li>EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%</li> <li>POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water</li> <li>vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, F	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

## 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

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Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Creation Date	29-Apr-2014
Revision Date	25-Sep-2023
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

. Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**