

Creation Date 23-Nov-2009

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

Revision Number 8

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C
Cat No. : 233020000; 233020025; 233020100; 233020250
Synonyms Naphtha (petroleum)
CAS-No 64742-49-0
EC-No. 265-151-9

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company **UK entity/business name**
 Fisher Scientific UK
 Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough,
 Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name
 Acros Organics BVBA
 Janssen Pharmaceuticaaan 3a
 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

Aspiration Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 1 (H304) Category 3 (H336)
Environmental hazards	
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 (H411)

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

- P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection
- P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
- P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician
- P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
- P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell

2.3. Other hazards

No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	EEC No. 265-151-9	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H336) (EUH066)
Hexane	110-54-3	EEC No. 203-777-6	<5	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) STOT SE 3 (H336) Repr. 2 (H361f)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

				STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	203-806-2	2	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) STOT SE 3 (H336) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)

Note UVCB Hydrocarbons C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
Reach Registration Number 01-2119473851-33

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Obtain medical attention. Risk of serious damage to the lungs. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Extremely flammable.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Hexane	TWA: 72 mg/m ³ TWA: 20 ppm STEL: 60 ppm STEL: 216 mg/m ³	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr TWA: 72 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 72 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 60 ppm 15 min STEL: 216 mg/m ³ 15 min Skin
Cyclohexane	STEL: 300 ppm 15 min STEL: 1050 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 700 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 700 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 600 ppm 15 min STEL: 2100 mg/m ³ 15 min

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Safety glasses with side-shields (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-		(minimum requirement)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

recommendations	EN 374
Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colorless	
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	Petroleum distillates	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Melting Point/Range	-30 °C / -22 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	100 - 140 °C / 212 - 284 °F	@ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	-20 °C / -4 °F	Method - No information available
Evaporation Rate	> 1	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 0.7 vol% Upper 7 vol%	
Vapor Pressure	27 mbar @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	0.725	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	Insoluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Component	log Pow	
Hexane	4.11	
Cyclohexane	3.44	

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

Autoignition Temperature	220 - °C / 428 - °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	0.76 cSt @ 25°C	
Explosive Properties	No information available	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;
Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 73680 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Hexane	LD50 = 25 g/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 48000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Cyclohexane	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 9500 ppm (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
 The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	Carc Cat. 1B			

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3
Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light		LC50: = 2.6 mg/L, 96h (Chaetogammarus marinus)		
Hexane	LC50: 2.1 - 2.98 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50: 3.87 mg/L/48h		
Cyclohexane	LC50: 23.03 - 42.07 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 48.87 - 68.76 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: 24.99 - 44.69 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 3.96 - 5.18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 0.9 mg/l/48h	EC50 >500 mg/L/72h	EC50 = 85.5 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 93 mg/L 10 min

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Insoluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Cyclohexane 110-82-7 (2)	77% (28d)

Degradation in sewage treatment plant Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Hexane	4.11	No data available
Cyclohexane	3.44	83.15

12.4. Mobility in soil

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and floats on water The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information
Persistent Organic Pollutant
Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN3295
14.2. UN proper shipping name HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S

ACR23302

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3

14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN3295

14.2. UN proper shipping name HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3

14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment
Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed.

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	265-151-9	-		X	X	-	X	-	X	X	KE-2562 3
Hexane	203-777-6	438-390-3		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-1862 6
Cyclohexane	203-806-2	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-1856 2

Note UVCB Hydrocarbons C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
Reach Registration Number 01-2119473851-33

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light		Use restricted. See item 28. (see http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R1907:EN:NOT for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 29. (see http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R1907:EN:NOT for restriction details)	
Cyclohexane		Use restricted. See item 57. (see http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R1907:EN:NOT for restriction details)	

National Regulations

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	WGK 2 WGK 3	

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

Hexane	WGK 2	
Cyclohexane	WGK 2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84
Hexane	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 59, RG 84
Cyclohexane	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H361f - Suspected of damaging fertility

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 23-Nov-2009

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Petroleum ether, boiling range 100-140°C

Revision Date 01-Mar-2019

Revision Summary

Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet