

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Zinc chloride, 1.0M solution in diethyl ether
Cat No. : 370050000; 370051000; 370058000

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) 2T55-PUCQ-8W0F-KACW

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company **UK entity/business name**
Fisher Scientific UK
Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough,
Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name
Acros Organics BVBA
Janssen Pharmaceuticaaan 3a
2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency information services **Ireland** : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -
01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)
Malta : +356 2395 2000
Cyprus : +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 1 (H224)

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Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 4 (H302)
Category 1 B (H314)
Category 1 (H318)
Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Environmental hazards

Acute aquatic toxicity
Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 1 (H400)
Category 1 (H410)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

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| Component | CAS-No | EC-No. | Weight % | CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 |
|---------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|--|
| Zinc chloride | 7646-85-7 | EEC No. 231-592-0 | ca 16 | Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) |
| Ethyl ether | 60-29-7 | EEC No. 200-467-2 | ca 84 | Flam. Liq. 1 (H224) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) STOT SE 3 (H336) (EUH019) (EUH066) |

| Component | Specific concentration limits (SCL's) | M-Factor | Component notes |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| Zinc chloride | STOT SE 3 :: C>=5% | 10 | - |

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| | |
|---|--|
| General Advice | Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Eye Contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required. |
| Skin Contact | Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately. |
| Ingestion | Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. |
| Inhalation | If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. |
| Self-Protection of the First Aider | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

| | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Notes to Physician | Treat symptomatically. |
|---------------------------|------------------------|

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SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water may be ineffective.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), peroxides, Zinc, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosives area. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals

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form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep refrigerated. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from moisture.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK)
(Germany)

Class 3

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE** - 2018 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

| Component | The United Kingdom | European Union | Ireland |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Zinc chloride | STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hr | | TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hr. fume STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 min |
| Ethyl ether | STEL: 200 ppm 15 min STEL: 620 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 hr | TWA: 100 ppm (8h) TWA: 308 mg/m ³ (8h) STEL: 200 ppm (15min) STEL: 616 mg/m ³ (15min) | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 200 ppm 15 min STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15 min |

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

| Route of exposure | Acute effects (local) | Acute effects (systemic) | Chronic effects (local) | Chronic effects (systemic) |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Oral Dermal Inhalation | | | | |

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

ACR37005

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Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Natural rubber | See manufacturers | - | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |
| Nitrile rubber | recommendations | | | |
| Neoprene | | | | |
| PVC | | | | |

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Physical State | Liquid | |
| Appearance | Clear | |
| Odor | Petroleum distillates | |
| Odor Threshold | No data available | |
| Melting Point/Range | No data available | |
| Softening Point | No data available | |
| Boiling Point/Range | No information available | |
| Flammability (liquid) | Extremely flammable | On basis of test data |
| Flammability (solid,gas) | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | No data available | |

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| | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Flash Point | -21 °C / -5.8 °F | Method - No information available |
| Autoignition Temperature | 665 - °C / 1229 - °F | |
| Decomposition Temperature | No data available | |
| pH | No information available | |
| Viscosity | No data available | |
| Water Solubility | Immiscible | |
| Solubility in other solvents | No information available | |
| Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) | | |
| Component | log Pow | |
| Ethyl ether | 0.82 | |
| Vapor Pressure | No data available | |
| Density / Specific Gravity | 0.840 | |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Vapor Density | No information available | (Air = 1.0) |
| Particle characteristics | Not applicable (liquid) | |

9.2. Other information

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability Hygroscopic, Light sensitive, Air sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air. Exposure to light. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Strong acids. Chlorine. oxygen. Peroxides. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). peroxides. Zinc. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral

Category 4

Dermal

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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Toxicology data for the components

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------|---|
| Zinc chloride | 350 mg/kg (Rat) | - | LC50 <= 1975 mg/m ³ (Rat) 10 min |
| Ethyl ether | 1215 mg/kg (Rat) | 20 mL/kg (Rabbit) | LC50 = 32000 ppm (Rat) 4 h |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available

Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow

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material to contaminate ground water system.

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae |
|---------------|--|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Zinc chloride | LC50: 0.4-2.2 mg/L/96h (Cyprinus carpio) | EC50: 0.2 mg/L/48h | EC50: 0.027-0.105 mg/L/72h |
| Ethyl ether | LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 2560 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) | EC50 = 165 mg/L/24h | |

| Component | Microtox | M-Factor |
|---------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Zinc chloride | | 10 |
| Ethyl ether | EC50 = 5600 mg/L 15 min | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary
Persistence May persist, based on information available.
Degradation in sewage treatment plant Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|---------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Zinc chloride | | 16000 |
| Ethyl ether | 0.82 | No data available |

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is insoluble and floats on water Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties
Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

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compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

| | |
|---|--|
| 14.1. UN number | UN2924 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s |
| Technical Shipping Name | (ZINC CHLORIDE, 1.0M SOLUTION IN DIETHYLETHER) |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Subsidiary Hazard Class | 8 |
| 14.4. Packing group | I |

ADR

| | |
|---|--|
| 14.1. UN number | UN2924 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s |
| Technical Shipping Name | (ZINC CHLORIDE, 1.0M SOLUTION IN DIETHYLETHER) |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Subsidiary Hazard Class | 8 |
| 14.4. Packing group | I |

IATA

| | |
|---|--|
| 14.1. UN number | UN2924 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s |
| Technical Shipping Name | (ZINC CHLORIDE, 1.0M SOLUTION IN DIETHYLETHER) |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 |
| Subsidiary Hazard Class | 8 |
| 14.4. Packing group | I |

14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment
Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

X = listed, Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), Korea (ECL).

| Component | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | TSCA | DSL | NDSL | PICCS | ENCS | IECSC | AICS | KECL |
|---------------|-----------|--------|-----|------|-----|------|-------|------|-------|------|--------------|
| Zinc chloride | 231-592-0 | - | | X | X | - | X | X | X | X | KE-3553 5 |
| Ethyl ether | 200-467-2 | - | | X | X | - | X | X | X | X | KE-2769 0 |

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

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National Regulations

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

| Component | Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) | Germany - TA-Luft Class |
|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| Zinc chloride | WGK3 | |
| Ethyl ether | WGK1 | |

| Component | France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases) |
|-------------|--|
| Ethyl ether | Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84 |

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides
EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC (volatile organic compound)

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Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Physical hazards | On basis of test data |
| Health Hazards | Calculation method |
| Environmental hazards | Calculation method |

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

| | |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| Revision Date | 16-Dec-2020 |
| Revision Summary | Update to CLP Format. |

**This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No
1907/2006**

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet