

Creation Date 29-Oct-2009

Revision Date 15-Dec-2020

Revision Number 8

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide, 1M solution in methanol
Cat No. : 212910000; 212910025; 212911000; 212918000

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) V3VV-72W2-UX03-3WEF

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company **UK entity/business name**
Fisher Scientific UK
Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough,
Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name
Acros Organics BVBA
Janssen Pharmaceuticaaan 3a
2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency information services **Ireland** : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -
01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)
Malta : +356 2395 2000
Cyprus : +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 2 (H225)

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Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 3 (H301)
Category 3 (H311)
Category 3 (H331)
Category 1 B (H314)
Category 1 (H318)
Category 1 (H370)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H370 - Causes damage to organs

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	200-659-6	65-75	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 3 (H301)

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				Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) STOT SE 1 (H370)
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, hydroxide	2052-49-5	218-147-6	25-35	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Methyl alcohol	STOT SE 1 :: C>=10% STOT SE 2 :: 3%<=C<10%	-	-

Components	Reach Registration Number
Methanol	01-2119433307-44-0232

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.
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SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

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Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

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Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK)
(Germany)

Class 3

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE** - 2018 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Methyl alcohol	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm TWA; 266 mg/m ³ TWA WEL - STEL: 250 ppm STEL; 333 mg/m ³ STEL	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr Skin	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 600 ppm 15 min STEL: 780 mg/m ³ 15 min Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

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Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance	Clear	
Odor	No information available	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	-98 °C / -144.4 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	No information available	
Flammability (liquid)	Highly flammable	On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 5.5 vol% Upper 44 vol%	
Flash Point	12 °C / 53.6 °F	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	465 °C / 869 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Water Solubility	Soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		

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Component	log Pow	
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	
Density / Specific Gravity	0.830	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	

9.2. Other information

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral	Category 3
Dermal	Category 3
Inhalation	Category 3

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methyl alcohol	LD50 > 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, hydroxide	500 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

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(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available
Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (65-75)	OECD Test Guideline 406 Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Mutagenic effects have occurred in experimental animals

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (65-75)	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation 2 Generation	NOAEC = 1.3 mg/l (air)

Reproductive Effects California Proposition 65. Reproductive toxicity.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 1

Results / Target organs Optic nerve, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Methyl alcohol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h	

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Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Methyl alcohol	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, Soluble in water, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (65-75)	DT50 ~ 17.2d >94% after 20d

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	<10

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Disperses rapidly in air: Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN3286

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s
Technical Shipping Name Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide, 25-35% solution in methanol

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1, 8
14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN3286
14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s
Technical Shipping Name Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide, 25-35% solution in methanol
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1, 8
14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN3286
14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s
Technical Shipping Name Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide, 25-35% solution in methanol
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1, 8
14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

X = listed, Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), Korea (ECL).

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Methyl alcohol	200-659-6	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-2319 3
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, hydroxide	218-147-6	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-3402 9

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methyl alcohol		Use restricted. See item 69. (see http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R1907:EN:NOT for restriction details)	

Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Methyl alcohol	500 tonne	5000 tonne

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and

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import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

National Regulations

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Methyl alcohol	WGK 2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Methyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed
H311 - Toxic in contact with skin
H331 - Toxic if inhaled
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H370 - Causes damage to organs
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302 - Harmful if swallowed

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC (volatile organic compound)

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Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health Hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date	29-Oct-2009
Revision Date	15-Dec-2020
Revision Summary	Update to CLP Format.

**This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No
1907/2006**

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS-No 67-56-1	Reach Registration Number 01-2119433307-44-0232	EC-No. 200-659-6
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Exposure Scenarios Overview				
Title	Sector of use	Process category(ies)	Environmental release category	ES Identifier
Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 15	ERC1 - Manufacture of substances	ES1-M1 Methanol
Formulation of preparations and/or re-packaging	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 15	ERC2 - Formulation of preparations	ES2-F1 Methanol
Laboratory use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	10, 15	ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	ES3-L1 Methanol
Laboratory use	SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	10, 15	ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems	ES4-L2 Methanol

Exposure scenario

ES1 Manufacture of Methanol - ES1-M1 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Type	Worker
Processes, tasks, activities covered	Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent. Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities
Sector(s) of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process category(ies)	PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category(ies)	ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State	Liquid
pH	7-8
Water Solubility	Miscible
Vapor Pressure	23 hPa @ 20 °C
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable
Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies)	PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	>4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to	240 cm ²
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

Additional good practice advice beyond Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

the REACH Chemical Safety Report	is potential for direct contact -----
Process category(ies)	PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	>4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to	480 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report	Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact -----
Process category(ies)	PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	>4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to	240 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report	Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact -----
Process category(ies)	PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	>4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to	480 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report	Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact -----
Process category(ies)	PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	>4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to	960 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report	Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact -----

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	100 mg/l		

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

<u>Route of exposure</u>	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral		20 mg/kg bw/d		20 mg/kg bw/day
Dermal				
Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - dermal	0.034 mg/kg bw/d	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0133 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0.0534 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.036 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	0.0419 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - dermal	0.274 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.34 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.751 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	2.18 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - dermal	0.137 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.09 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	3.95 mg/kg bw/d	0.212
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.38 mg/m ³	0.256
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53.4 mg/m ³	0.41
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	7.511 mg/kg bw/d	0.394
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	9 mg/kg bw/d	0.479
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Worker - dermal	2.743 mg/kg bw/d	0.137
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.38 mg/m ³	0.256
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66.75 mg/m ³	0.513
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	7.51 mg/kg bw/d	0.393
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	12.28 mg/kg bw/d	0.32
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated	Worker - dermal	2.74 mg/kg bw/d	0.137

facilities	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	10.0 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	20.02 mg/m ³	0.15
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	4.17 mg/kg bw/d	0.214
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	5.6 mg/kg bw/d	0.291
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - dermal	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.351 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.022 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	1.976 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1

Calculation method - Used ECETOC TRA model
 - Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (<http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html>)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented
 ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS-No 67-56-1	Reach Registration Number 01-2119433307-44-0232	EC-No. 200-659-6
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Exposure scenario

ES2 Methanol Formulation and Repacking - ES2-F1 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Type	Worker
Processes, tasks, activities covered	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tableting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.
Sector(s) of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Process category(ies)	PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category(ies)	ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures) Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments. Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected. Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State	Liquid
pH	7-8
Water Solubility	Miscible
Vapor Pressure	23 hPa @ 20 °C
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies)	PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	>4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to	240 cm ²
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Undertake operation under enclosed conditions
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report	Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact -----
Process category(ies)	PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure
Covers concentrations up to	100%
Exposure duration	>4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use	Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to	<=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to	480 cm ²
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities
Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities
Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

health evaluation
 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
 Covers concentrations up to 100%
 Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
 Use frequency 5 days per week
 Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
 Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2
 Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
 Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374 (APF 5) 80%

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
 Covers concentrations up to 100%
 Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
 Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
 Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
 Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2
 Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
 Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)
 Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.
 Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.
 Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	100 mg/l		

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

<u>Route of exposure</u>	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral		20 mg/kg bw/d		20 mg/kg bw/day
Dermal				
Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - dermal	0.0343 mg/kg bw/d	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0.0534 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0133 mg/m ³	< 0.01
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	0.0419 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.036 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - dermal	0.274 mg/kg bw/d	0.014
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	0.103
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.34 mg/m ³	0.025
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	2.18 mg/kg bw/d	0.116
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.751 mg/kg bw/d	0.039
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - dermal	0.137 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.205
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	0.051
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	3.95 mg/kg bw/d	0.212
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.09 mg/k bw/d	0.058
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/m ³	0.068
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53.4 mg/m ³	0.41
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	0.103
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	9 mg/kg bw/d	0.479
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	3.279 mg/kg bw/d	0.17
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Worker - dermal	2.743 mg/kg bw/d	0.137
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66.75 mg/m ³	0.513
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.38 mg/m ³	0.128
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	12.28 mg/kg bw/d	0.65
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	7.51 mg/kg bw/d	0.39
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated	Worker - dermal	2.74 mg/kg bw/d	0.137

facilities	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	20.02 mg/m ³	0.154
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	10.0 mg/m ³	0.077
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	5.6 mg/kg bw/d	0.29
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	4.17 mg/kg bw/d	0.214
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg dw/d	0.068
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53.40 mg/m ³	0.41
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	26.70 mg/m ³	0.205
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	9 mg/kg bw/d	0.48
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	5.19 mg/kg bw/d	0.274
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - dermal	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.351 mg/m ³	0.102
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	0.051
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	1.976 mg/kg bw/d	0.106
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.022 mg/kg bw/d	0.055

Calculation method - Used ECETOC TRA model
 - Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (<http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html>)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented
 ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS-No 67-56-1	Reach Registration Number 01-2119433307-44-0232	EC-No. 200-659-6
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Exposure scenario

ES3 Laboratory uses (Industrial) - ES3-L1 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Type	Worker
Processes, tasks, activities covered	Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice versa.
Sector(s) of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category(ies)	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process category(ies)	PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category(ies)	ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State	Liquid
pH	7-8
Water Solubility	Miscible
Vapor Pressure	23 hPa @ 20 °C
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)
ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Control of environmental exposure
Readily biodegradable
Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing
 Covers concentrations up to 100%
 Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
 Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
 Assumes process temperature up to <=40C
 Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2
 Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
 Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
 Covers concentrations up to 100%
 Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
 Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
 Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
 Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2
 Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
 Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment**Environmental release category(ies)**

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	100 mg/l		

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

<u>Route of exposure</u>	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal		20 mg/kg bw/d		20 mg/kg bw/day

Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³
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Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	4.39 mg/kg bw/d	0.22
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.205
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	8.2 mg/kg bw/d	0.425
	Worker - dermal, short-term - systemic	4.39 mg/kg bw/d	0.22
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53.4 mg/m ³	0.411
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	12.02 mg/kg bw/d	0.63
	PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.068 mg/kg bw/d
Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic		6.675 mg/m ³	0.051
Worker - combined, long-term - systemic		1.022 mg/kg bw/d	0.055
Worker - dermal, short-term - systemic		0.0685 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic		13.351 mg/m ³	0.102
Worker - combined, short-term - systemic		1.976 mg/kg bw/d	0.106

Calculation method - Used ECETOC TRA model
- Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (<http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html>)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS-No 67-56-1	Reach Registration Number 01-2119433307-44-0232	EC-No. 200-659-6
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Exposure scenario

ES4 Laboratory uses (Professional) - ES4-L2 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Type	Worker
Processes, tasks, activities covered	Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice versa.
Sector(s) of use	SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Product category(ies)	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process category(ies)	PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental release category(ies)	ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State	Liquid
pH	7-8
Water Solubility	Miscible
Vapor Pressure	23 hPa @ 20 °C
Covers concentrations up to 100 %	

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)
ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Control of environmental exposure
Readily biodegradable
Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing
 Covers concentrations up to <=5%
 Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
 Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
 Assumes process temperature up to < =40C
 Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2
 Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%
 Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent
 Covers concentrations up to 100%
 Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
 Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
 Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
 Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2
 Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%
 Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%
 Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report Use chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	100 mg/l		

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	20 mg/kg bw/d 130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	20 mg/kg bw/day 130 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - dermal	0.284 mg/kg bw/d	0.014
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.4 mg/m ³	0.257
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	5.04 mg/kg bw/d	0.27
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66.75 mg/m ³	0.514
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	9.811 mg/kg bw/d	0.527
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - dermal	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	0.102
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.98 mg/kg bw/d	0.106
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.205
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	3.88 mg/kg bw/d	0.209

Calculation method - Used ECETOC TRA model
- Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(<http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html>)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users