

Creation Date 15-Dec-2011

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

Revision Number 6

**SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

**1.1. Product identification**

**Product Description:** p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid  
**Cat No. :** 421220000; 421220010; 421222500  
**Synonyms** PTSA

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.  
**Uses advised against** No Information available

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Company** **UK entity/business name**  
 Fisher Scientific UK  
 Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough,  
 Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name**  
 Acros Organics BVBA  
 Janssen Pharmaceuticaaan 3a  
 2440 Geel, Belgium

**E-mail address** begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11  
 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99  
**CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

**SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

**CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Physical hazards**

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

**Health hazards**

Skin Corrosion/irritation Category 1 A (H314)  
 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318)

**Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

## 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

### Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

### Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed  
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection  
P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell  
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

## 2.3. Other hazards

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7	88	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
p-Toluenesulfonic acid	104-15-4	EEC No. 203-180-0	12	Skin Corr. 1C (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

Component	Reach Registration Number
Acetic acid	01-2119475328-30

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Eye Contact** Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

## Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

## Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

## Inhalation

Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.

## Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Sulfur oxides.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional ecological information. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Acetic acid	STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 15 ppm TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr. STEL: 20 ppm 15 min STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid**

**Revision Date** 06-Mar-2019

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)** No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation				

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)** No information available.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

**Hand Protection** Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	Level 6 EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals

**Skin and body protection** Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

**Large scale/emergency use** Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced  
**Recommended Filter type:** Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

**Small scale/Laboratory use** Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.  
**Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141  
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Light yellow	
<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid	
<b>Odor</b>	vinegar-like	
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available	
<b>pH</b>	No information available	
<b>Melting Point/Range</b>	No data available	
<b>Softening Point</b>	No data available	
<b>Boiling Point/Range</b>	116 °C / 240.8 °F	@ 760 mmHg
<b>Flash Point</b>	41 °C / 105.8 °F	<b>Method</b> - No information available
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No data available	
<b>Flammability (solid,gas)</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Explosion Limits</b>	No data available	
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	14 mmHg @ 20 °C	
<b>Vapor Density</b>	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
<b>Specific Gravity / Density</b>	1.070	
<b>Bulk Density</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Water Solubility</b>	soluble	
<b>Solubility in other solvents</b>	No information available	
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>		
<b>Component</b>	<b>log Pow</b>	
Acetic acid	-0.2	
p-Toluenesulfonic acid	0.784	
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	426 °C / 798.8 °F	
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>Viscosity</b>	No data available	
<b>Explosive Properties</b>	No information available	explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
<b>Oxidizing Properties</b>	No information available	

### 9.2. Other information

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization**  
**Hazardous Reactions**

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.  
No information available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Amines. Ammonium nitrate: fertilizers capable of self-sustaining decomposition. Peroxides. Metals.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Sulfur oxides.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Product Information** No acute toxicity information is available for this product

**(a) acute toxicity;**

**Oral**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Dermal**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Inhalation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetic acid	3310 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	> 40 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
p-Toluenesulfonic acid	LD50 = 1410 mg/kg ( Rat )		

**(b) skin corrosion/irritation;** Category 1 A

**(c) serious eye damage/irritation;** Category 1

**(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;**

**Respiratory**

No data available

**Skin**

No data available

**(e) germ cell mutagenicity;** No data available

**(f) carcinogenicity;** No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

**(g) reproductive toxicity;** No data available

**(h) STOT-single exposure;** No data available

**(i) STOT-repeated exposure;** No data available

**Target Organs**

None known.

**(j) aspiration hazard;** No data available

**Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed**

Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

## 12.1. Toxicity

### Ecotoxicity effects

Contains a substance which is: Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Acetic acid	Pimephales promelas: LC50 = 88 mg/L/96h Lepomis macrochirus: LC50 = 75 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 95 mg/L/24h	-	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/15 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/25 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/5 min
p-Toluenesulfonic acid			EC50 = 245 g/L 24h	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

### Persistence

Persistence is unlikely.

### Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Acetic acid	-0.2	No data available
p-Toluenesulfonic acid	0.784	No data available

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available for assessment.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

### Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors  
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance  
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Waste from Residues / Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

#### Other Information

Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

## IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN2920  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 8  
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

## ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN2920  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 8  
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

## IATA

**14.1. UN number** UN2920  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.\*  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 8  
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

**14.5. Environmental hazards** No hazards identified

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code** Not applicable, packaged goods

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**International Inventories** X = listed.

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Acetic acid	200-580-7	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	X
p-Toluenesulfonic acid	203-180-0	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-2347 6

### National Regulations

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Acetic acid	WGK 1	Class II : 0.10 g/m <sup>3</sup> (Massenkonzentration)
p-Toluenesulfonic acid	WGK 1	

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

p-Toluenesulfonic acid, 12% in acetic acid

Revision Date 06-Mar-2019

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage

### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration

**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**TWA** - Time Weighted Average

**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer

**PNEC** - Predicted No Effect Concentration

**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%

**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%

**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

### Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate

**VOC** - Volatile Organic Compounds

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

**Physical hazards** On basis of test data

**Health Hazards** Calculation method

**Environmental hazards** Calculation method

### Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

**Creation Date** 15-Dec-2011

**Revision Date** 06-Mar-2019

**Revision Summary** Not applicable.

### This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## End of Safety Data Sheet