

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 24-Jul-2007 Revision Date 10-Feb-2024 Revision Number 5

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>2-n-Butoxyethanol</u>

Cat No. : A17976

Synonyms Butyl cellosolve; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, Butyl glycol

 Index No
 603-014-00-0

 CAS No
 111-76-2

 EC No
 203-905-0

 Molecular Formula
 C6 H14 O2

REACH registration number -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

ALFAAA17976

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 2 (H315)

Category 2 (H319)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Combustible liquid

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	EEC No. 203-905-0	<100	Acute Tox. 4 (H302)

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

		Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
		Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
		Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

Component	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation)
2-Butoxyethanol	ATE = 1200 mg/kg bw	-	ATE = 3 mg/L (vapour)

ECHA (RAC) - Committee for Risk Assessment - European CHemicals Agency ATE - Acute Toxiciy Estimate; mg/kg bw - milligrams per kilogram of body weight

REACH registration number	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may accumulate in confined areas (basement, tanks, hopper/tank cars, etc.). Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition.

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from light. Protect from moisture. Reacts with air to form peroxides. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 6.1C Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

2-n-Butoxyethanol

Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
2-Butoxyethanol	STEL: 50 ppm 15 min	TWA: 20 ppm (8h)	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 98 mg/m ³ (8h)	TWA: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 50 ppm (15min)	STEL: 50 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 246 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s): **UK** - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Component	United Kingdom	European Union
2-Butoxyethanol	Butoxyacetic acid: 240 mmol/mol creatinine	
	urine post shift	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
2-Butoxyethanol		DNEL = 89mg/kg		DNEL = 125mg/kg
111-76-2 (<100)		bw/day		bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 (<100)	DNEL = 246mg/m ³	DNEL = 1091mg/m ³		DNEL = 98mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
2-Butoxyethanol	PNEC = 8.8mg/L	PNEC = 34.6mg/kg	PNEC = 26.4mg/L	PNEC = 463mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg
111-76-2 (<100)		sediment dw	-	-	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
2-Butoxyethanol	PNEC = 0.88mg/L	PNEC = 3.46 mg/kg		PNEC = 0.02g/kg	
111-76-2 (<100)		sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Revision Date 10-Feb-2024 2-n-Butoxyethanol

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.4 mm	Level 6	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm		
Nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.56 mm		

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use **Respiratory Protection**

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure Small scale/Laboratory use

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Light yellow Odor Slight

Odor Threshold No data available -70 °C / -94 °F Melting Point/Range **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** 171 °C / 339.8 °F Flammability (liquid) Combustible liquid

On basis of test data Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 1.1 vol%

Upper 10.6 vol%

Flash Point 62 °C / 143.6 °F Method - Pensky Martens Closed Cup (ASTM D93,

BS EN 22719, BS 2000 Part 404, IP 404, ISO 2719,

AS/NZS 2106)

230 °C / 446 °F **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available No information available Ha **Viscosity** 5.31 mPa.s at 20 °C

Dynamic

Water Solubility Miscible

No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow 2-Butoxyethanol 0.81

Vapor Pressure 0.8 hPa @ 20°C

Density / Specific Gravity 0.901 @ 20 °C

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C6 H14 O2 Molecular Weight 118.18

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged

periods. Heating in air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Bases. Metals. Aluminium. . Zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). peroxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 3

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2-Butoxyethanol	1746 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Guinea pig) OCED 402	LC50 = 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h LC50 = 486 ppm (Rat) 4 h

Component ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral		ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation)	
2-Butoxyethanol	ATE = 1200 mg/kg bw	-	ATE = 3 mg/L (vapour)	

ECHA (RAC) - Committee for Risk Assessment - European CHemicals Agency ATE - Acute Toxiciy Estimate; mg/kg bw - milligrams per kilogram of body weight

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2
Test method OECD 405
Test species rabbit
Observational endpoint Irritating to skin

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component Test method		Test species	Study result
2-Butoxyethanol	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test	guinea pig	 non-sensitising
111-76-2 (<100)	(GPMT)		-

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Reproductive Effects None known.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Other Adverse Effects No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects . Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
2-Butoxyethanol	1490 mg/L LC50 96 h 2950 mg/L LC50 96 h	1550 mg/l EC50 48 hr >1000 mg/L EC50 48 h	1840 mg/l EC50 72 hr
		1698 - 1940 mg/L EC50 24 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence Persistence Persistence is unlikely.

Component	Degradability
2-Butoxyethanol	90% (28d) OECD 301B
111-76-2 (<100)	· · ·

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Componentlog PowBioconcentration factor (BCF)2-Butoxyethanol0.81No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil: Highly mobile in

soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain a

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Technical Shipping Name 2-Butoxyethanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1

14.4. Packing group III

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Technical Shipping Name 2-Butoxyethanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

6.1 III

<u>IATA</u>

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

14.1. UN number UN2810

14.2. UN proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Technical Shipping Name 2-Butoxyethanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

CAS No

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Component

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

EINECS ELINCS

2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	203-905-0	-	ı	X	X	KE-04134	X	X
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA In notific Active-l	•	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
2-Butovvethanol	111-76-2	X	ΔCT	IV/E	X	_	X	X	X

NLP

IECSC

TCSI

ISHL

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
2-Butoxyethanol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)	
2-Butoxyethanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84	

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 (<100)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

2-n-Butoxyethanol Revision Date 10-Feb-2024

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 24-Jul-2007 **Revision Date** 24-Jul-2007 10-Feb-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet