

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 18-Jan-2010

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Revision Number 9

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	
Cat No. :	
Synonyms	
Molecular Formula	

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene 418230000; 418231000; 418238000 Potassiumhexamethyldisilazane C6 H18 K N Si2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

 CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

 Physical hazards

 Flammable liquids
 Category 2 (H225)

 Health hazards

 Aspiration Toxicity
 Category 1 (H304)

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

Water reactive

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide	40949-94-8	EEC No. 424-100-2	15	Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Category 1 A (H314) Category 1 (H318) Category 2 (H361d) Category 3 (H336) Category 2 (H373)

Category 3 (H412)

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	85	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)
				Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
				STOT SE 3 (H336)
				Repr. 2 (H361d)
				STOT RE 2 (H373)
				Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

tion and special treatment needed
urns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Product is a corrosive material. Istric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or us should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the issue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may mptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting
oth acute and delayed
at medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to emselves and prevent spread of contamination.
athing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration id of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory levice. Call a physician immediately. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by a).
nduce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an ous person. Call a physician immediately. Call a physician or poison control center ely. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.
immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash ated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician ely.
nediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. e medical attention is required.
s safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Potassium oxides, Ammonia, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Handle under an inert atmosphere. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Toluene	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8hr)	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ (8hr)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 min
	TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Oral)	systemic (Oral)	(Oral)	systemic (Oral)
Toluene 108-88-3 (85)				8.13 mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)
Toluene 108-88-3 (85)				DNEL = 384mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Toluene 108-88-3 (85)	DNEL = 384mg/m ³	DNEL = 384mg/m ³	DNEL = 192mg/m ³	DNEL = 192mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Γ	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
			sediment		sewage treatment	
	Toluene	PNEC = 0.68mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.68mg/L	PNEC = 13.61mg/L	PNEC = 2.89mg/kg
	108-88-3(85)		16.39mg/kg			soil dw
			sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Toluene	PNEC = 0.68mg/L	PNEC =			
108-88-3 (85)	_	16.39mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective ec Eye Protection	Personal protective equipment Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)					
Hand Protection	Protective gloves					
Glove material Viton (R)	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)		
Skin and body pro	tection Long sle	eved clothing.				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to EN14387 Type A Brown
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Appearance Odor

Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits

Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Liquid

Dark yellow No information available No data available No data available No data available No information available Highly flammable Not applicable No data available

7 °C / 44.6 °F No data available 275 °C No information available No data available Water reactive No information available On basis of test data Liquid

Method - (based on components)

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat	Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)						
Component	log Pow						
Toluene	2.73						
Vapor Pressure	No data available						
Density / Specific Gravity	0.88						
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid					
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)					
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)						
9.2. Other information							
Molecular Formula	C6 H18 K N Si2						
Molecular Weight	199.49						
Explosive Properties	Vapors may form explosive mixtures	with air					

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions. Moisture sensitive.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water. Alcohols. Acids. Oxidizing agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Potassium oxides. Ammonia. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information	No acute toxicity information is available for this product
(a) acute toxicity;	
Oral	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Toluene	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat)1 h		

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available
	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect
(g) reproductive toxicity; Developmental Effects	Category 2 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3
Results / Target organs	Central nervous system (CNS).
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Category 2
Target Organs	Neuropsychological effects, Eyes, Ears.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Category 1
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Toxic to aquatic organisms. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae		
Toluene	50-70 mg/L LC50 96 h 5-7 mg/L LC50 96 h 15-19 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: = 11.5 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) EC50: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 12.5 mg/L, 72h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: > 433 mg/L, 96h		
	28 mg/L LC50 96 h 12 mg/L LC50 96 h	Static (Daphnia magna)	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Toluene	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

	Component	Degradability
Degradability	Reacts with water.	
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely.	

Tolue 108-88-3		86% (20d)			
Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in water treatment plants. Water reactive.				
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely				
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Toluene	2.73	90			
2.4. Mobility in soil	Reacts with water Is not likely m	obile in the environment.			
2.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Water reactive.				
2.6. Endocrine disrupting properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain an	y known or suspected endocrine disruptors			
12.7. Other adverse effects Persistent Organic Pollutant Dzone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain an This product does not contain an				
SE	CTION 13: DISPOSAL C	ONSIDERATIONS			
13.1. Waste treatment methods					
Waste from Residues/Unused Products		. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.			
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty container retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.				
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Wast	e Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but			

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other InformationDo not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the
application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in
compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH
and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN2920
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
14.4. Packing group	Ι

SAFETY DATA SHEET Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

UN2920 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s. Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene **Technical Shipping Name** 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** I 14.4. Packing group ΙΑΤΑ 14.1. UN number UN2920 Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s. 14.2. UN proper shipping name Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene **Technical Shipping Name** 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** I 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified 14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required. 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide	40949-94-8	-	424-100-2	-	-	Х	-	-	Х
Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	-	-	Х	Х	KE-33936	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide	40949-94-8	Х	ACTIVE	-	Х	-	-	-
Toluene	108-88-3	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide	40949-94-8	-	-	-
Toluene	108-88-3	-	Use restricted. See item 48. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

	Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
ſ	Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide	40949-94-8	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Toluene	108-88-3	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Toluene	WGK3	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Toluene	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 4bis,RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Toluene	Prohibited and Restricted	Group I	
108-88-3 (85)	Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, 0.7M (15 wt.%) solution in toluene

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth HazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date	18-Jan-2010
Revision Date	09-Feb-2024
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet