

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 11-Jul-2011

Revision Date 22-Sep-2023

**Revision Number** 8

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Dibutyltin oxide
Cat No. :	179360000; 179360050; 179361000; 179365000
Synonyms	Dibutyloxotin
CAS No	818-08-6
EC No	212-449-1
Molecular Formula	C8 H18 O Sn

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business	name
Fisher Scientific UK	
Bishop Meadow Roa	ad,
Loughborough, Leic	estershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

#### EU entitv/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

#### **Physical hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### **Health hazards**

#### **Dibutyltin oxide**

Revision Date	22-Sep-2023
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Acute oral toxicity	Category 3 (H301)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1 (H318)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 (H317)
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 2 (H341)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B (H360)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 1 (H370)
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1 (H372)
Environmental hazards	
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1 (H400)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1 (H410)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
- H370 Causes damage to organs
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Dibutyltin oxide	818-08-6	EEC No. 212-449-1	>95	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Muta. 2 (H341) Repr. 1B (H360) STOT RE 1 (H372) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) STOT SE 1 (H370) Aquatic acute 1 (H400) Aquatic chronic 1 (H410)

Component	Specific concentration limits M-Factor (SCL's)		Component notes	
Dibutyltin oxide	-	1	-	

#### Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed
	. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Metal oxides.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust formation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE** 

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid dust formation. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 6.1C

ACR17936

#### Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

List source(s): UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Dibutyltin oxide	STEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr		
	Skin		

#### Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Dibutyltin oxide 818-08-6 ( >95 )		DNEL = 1mg/kg bw/day		DNEL = 0.15mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Dibutyltin oxide 818-08-6 ( >95 )		$DNEL = 0.07 mg/m^3$		DNEL = 0.01mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Dibutyltin oxide 818-08-6 ( >95 )	PNEC = 2µg/L	PNEC = 5.247mg/kg	PNEC = 20µg/L	PNEC = 4.4mg/L	PNEC = 3.4mg/kg soil dw
		sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Dibutyltin oxide	$PNEC = 0.2\mu g/L$	PNEC =		PNEC = 0.67 mg/kg	
818-08-6 (>95)	-	0.5247mg/kg		food	
		sediment dw			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

#### **Dibutyltin oxide**

(minimum requirement)

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Hand Protection	Protectiv	e gloves		
Eye Protection	•	fety glasses with side	e shields (or goggles)	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

EN 374

Inspect gloves before use.	

Skin and body protection

Nitrile rubber

Viton (R)

Personal protective equipment

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

See manufacturers

recommendations

Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory Protection	Wear a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 Type A Brown
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Powder Solid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	White Strong No data available > 300 °C / 572 °F No data available No information available Not applicable No information available No data available	Solid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature	No information available >140 °C	Method - No information available

#### **Dibutyltin oxide**

Decomposition Temperature	>210 °C	
pH	approx 6	saturated solution
Viscosity	Not applicable	Solid
Water Solubility	Soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/w	vater)	
Component	log Pow	
Dibutyltin oxide	5.33	
Vapor Pressure	0.011 hPa @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	No data available	
Bulk Density	No data available	
Vapor Density	Not applicable	Solid
Particle characteristics	No data available	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula Molecular Weight	C8 H18 O Sn 248.92	

Not applicable - Solid

Revision Date 22-Sep-2023

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

**Evaporation Rate** 

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization	No information available.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Bases. Reducing Agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Metal oxides.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralNo data availableDermalNo data availableInhalationNo data available

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Dibutyltin oxide	LD50 = 172 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	No data available
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available May cause sensitization by skin contact
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
	Possible risk of irreversible effects
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
(g) reproductive toxicity; Reproductive Effects	No data available May impair fertility. May cause harm to the unborn child.
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 1
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Category 1
Target Organs	Thymus.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Not applicable Solid
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing.
11.2. Information on other hazards	
Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.
SE	CTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Dibutyltin oxide

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Dibutyltin oxide	0.8 mg/L LC50 48 h		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor

Revision Date 22-Sep-2023

-	
Dibutyltin oxide	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence Degradation in sewage treatment plant	Not readily biodegradable Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary May persist. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Product has a high potential to bioconcentrate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Dibutyltin oxide	5.33	No data available

<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility and propensity to bind to soil particles
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment_	Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
12.7. Other adverse effects	

Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dibutyltin oxide

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name UN3146 Organotin compound, solid, n.o.s. Dibutyltin oxide

Revision Date 22-Sep-2023

Dibutyitin Oxide	Revision Date 22-5			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	6.1 III			
ADR				
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3146 Organotin compound, solid, n.o.s. Dibutyltin oxide 6.1 III			
IATA				
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> 14.4. Packing group	UN3146 ORGANOTIN COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.* DibutyItin oxide 6.1 III			
14.5. Environmental hazards	Dangerous for the environment Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO			
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.			
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods			

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture\_

Dibutyltin oxide

International Inventories Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Dibutyltin oxide	818-08-6	212-449-1	-	-	Х	Х	KE-10003	Х	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA In notific	ation -	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
			Active-	nactive					
Dibutyltin oxide	818-08-6	X	ACT	IVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Dibutyltin oxide	818-08-6	-	Use restricted. See item 20. (see link for restriction details)	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Dibutyltin oxide	818-08-6	Not applicable	Not applicable

#### Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Component	ANNEX I - PART 1	ANNEX I - PART 2	ANNEX I - PART 3
	List of chemicals subject to export notification procedure (referred to in Article 8)	List of chemicals qualifying for PIC notification (referred to in Article 11)	List of chemicals subject to the PIC procedure (referred to in Articles 13 and 14)
Dibutyltin oxide 818-08-6 ( >95 )	sr — severe restriction	-	-
	i(2) — industrial chemical for public		

### Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Dibutyltin oxide	WGK3	

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Dibutyltin oxide 818-08-6 ( >95 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage H370 - Causes damage to organs H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects Legend **CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Dangerous Goods by Road Transport Association IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Dangerous Goods Code Ships **OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	11-Jul-2011
Revision Date	22-Sep-2023
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

### This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage,

transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## End of Safety Data Sheet