

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 26-Nov-2009 Revision Date 29-Sep-2023 **Revision Number** 10

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane Cat No.: 368380000; 368380010; 368381000

CN1R-SU0M-3W0X-UJJ3 **Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

No Information available Uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com E-mail address

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

Poison Centre - Emergency

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) information services

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

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Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Carcinogenicity
Carcinogenicity Category 1B (H350)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)
Category 3 (H335)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

None required



Signal Word

Danger

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H350 - May cause cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor Included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

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3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	EEC No. 204-661-8	> 99	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) Carc. 1B (H350) EUH019 EUH066
Ammonia	7664-41-7	EEC No. 231-635-3	< 1	Flam. Gas 2 (H221) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) (EUH071)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Ammonia	STOT SE 3 : C ≥ 5 %	1	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

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Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Refrigerator/flammables. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous.

Class 3

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In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
1,4-Dioxane	STEL: 60 ppm 15 min	TWA: 20 ppm (8h)	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr. technical
	STEL: 219 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 73 mg/m ³ (8h)	grade
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr		TWA: 73 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 73 mg/m ³ 8 hr		technical grade
	Skin		STEL: 60 ppm 15 min
			STEL: 219 mg/m ³ 15 min
			Skin
Ammonia	STEL: 35 ppm 15 min	TWA: 20 ppm (8h)	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 25 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 14 mg/m ³ (8h)	anhydrous
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 50 ppm (15min)	TWA: 14 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 18 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 36 mg/m ³ (15min)	anhydrous
			STEL: 50 ppm 15 min
			STEL: 36 mg/m ³ 15 min

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ammonia 7664-41-7 (< 1)		DNEL = 6.8mg/kg bw/day		DNEL = 6.8mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ammonia 7664-41-7 (< 1)	DNEL = 36mg/m ³	DNEL = 47.6mg/m ³	DNEL = 14mg/m ³	DNEL = 47.6mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent Microorganisms in Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment	sewage treatment

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Ammonia	PNEC =	PNEC =	
7664-41-7 (< 1)	0.0011mg/L	0.0068mg/L	

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Ammonia 7664-41-7 (< 1)	PNEC = 0.0011mg/L				

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Γ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
	Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
	Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
	Butyl rubber	< 200 minutes	0.35 mm		

Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

Physical State Liquid

AppearanceColorlessOdorAmmonia

Odor ThresholdNo data availableMelting Point/RangeNo data availableSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/RangeNo information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 11 °C / 51.8 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availablepHNo information availableViscosityNo data available

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow 1,4-Dioxane -0.42

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.023

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

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11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1,4-Dioxane	5170 mg/kg (Rat) 4200 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 7600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	48.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ammonia	LD50 = 350 mg/kg (Rat)	-	LC50 = 9850 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h LC50 = 13770 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Category 2 (c) serious eye damage/irritation;

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 1B

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
1,4-Dioxane	Carc Cat. 1B			Group 2B

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

None known. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting. delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health

Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

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Regulation (EU) 2018/605

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Contains a substance which is:. Very toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
1,4-Dioxane	LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 10306 - 14742 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 163 mg/L 48h	
Ammonia	LC50: 0.26 - 4.6 mg/L, 96h (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 1.17 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 0.73 - 2.35 mg/L, 96h (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 5.9 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: > 1.5 mg/L, 96h (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 1.19 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 0.44 mg/L, 96h (Cyprinus carpio)	EC50 = 25.4 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) NOEC = 0.79 mg/L (Daphnia magna)	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
1,4-Dioxane	EC50 = 610 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 668 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 733 mg/L 30 min	
Ammonia	EC50 = 2.0 mg/L 5 min	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1,4-Dioxane	-0.42	0.3 - 0.7 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information Assess endocrine disrupting properties for the environment

Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

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12.7. Other adverse effects
Persistent Organic Pollutant
Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

on waste and nazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated PackagingDispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name 1,4-Dioxane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name 1,4-Dioxane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name 1,4-Dioxane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3

Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

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14.4. Packing group

No hazards identified 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	204-661-8	ı	-	X	X	KE-10463	X	X
Ammonia	7664-41-7	231-635-3	-	-	Х	X	KE-01625	X	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	Х
Ammonia	7664-41-7	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - 204-661-8 - Carcinogenic (Article 57a) Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (Article 57f - environment) Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57f - human health)
Ammonia	7664-41-7	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list

Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ammonia	7664-41-7	50 tonne	200 tonne

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

Component	Component Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) Germany -	
1,4-Dioxane	WGK2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
Ammonia	WGK2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
1,4-Dioxane	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure	
1,4-Dioxane 123-91-1 (> 99)		Group I		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H350 - May cause cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

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H221 - Flammable gas

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data Health Hazards Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

26-Nov-2009 **Creation Date Revision Date** 29-Sep-2023

Revision Summary SDS sections updated.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage,

Ammonia, 0.5M solution in 1,4-dioxane

Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet