

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 02-Feb-2010 Revision Date 29-Sep-2023 Revision Number 9

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>Cumyl hydroperoxide</u>

Cat No.: 349960000; 349960010; 349960050; 349962500

Synonyms Cumene hydroperoxide

 Index No
 617-002-00-8

 CAS No
 80-15-9

 EC No
 201-254-7

 Molecular Formula
 C9 H12 O2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Organic peroxides Type E (H242)

Health hazards

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Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1 (H304)
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4 (H302)
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 4 (H312)
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3 (H331)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 (H314) B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1 (H318)
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B (H350)
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2 (H373)

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2 (H411)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H242 - Heating may cause a fire

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H350 - May cause cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

Combustible liquid

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Cumene hydroperoxide	80-15-9	EEC No. 201-254-7	80-85	Org. Perox. E (H242) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
Cumene	98-82-8	EEC No. 202-704-5	7-13	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H335) Carc. 1B (H350) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
2,2-Dimethylbenzyl alcohol	617-94-7	EEC No. 210-539-5	5-8	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
Acetophenone	98-86-2	EEC No. 202-708-7	0.5-1.5	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Cumene hydroperoxide	Eye Dam. 1 (H318) :: 3%<=C<10%	-	-
	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) :: 1%<=C<3%		
	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) :: C>=10% Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) ::		
	3%<=C<10% STOT SE 3 (H335) :: C<10%		

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

air. Immediate medical attention is required. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by

aspiration).

Cumyl hydroperoxide

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.). Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep refrigerated. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not store near combustible materials. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 5.2

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): EU - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. IRE - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Cumene	STEL: 50 ppm 15 min		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 250 mg/m ³ 15 min		TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hr		STEL: 50 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 8 hr		STEL: 250 mg/m ³ 15 min
	Skin		Skin
Acetophenone			TWA: 10 ppm 8 hr.
			TWA: 49 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
			STEL: 30 ppm 15 min
			STEL: 147 mg/m ³ 15 min

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Cumene				DNEL = 15.4 mg/kg

Cumyl hydroperoxide

98-82-8 (7-13)		bw/day
Acetophenone		DNEL = 6.3mg/kg
98-86-2 (0.5-1.5)		bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Cumene hydroperoxide 80-15-9 (80-85)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	DNEL = 6mg/m ³
Cumene 98-82-8 (7-13)	DNEL = 250mg/m ³			DNEL = 100mg/m ³
Acetophenone 98-86-2 (0.5-1.5)				DNEL = 22mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Cumene hydroperoxide	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.031mg/L	PNEC = 0.35mg/L	PNEC =
80-15-9 (80-85)	0.0031mg/L	0.023mg/kg		_	0.0029mg/kg soil
		sediment dw			dw
Cumene	PNEC = 0.035mg/L	PNEC = 3.22mg/kg	PNEC = 0.012mg/L	PNEC = 200mg/L	PNEC =
98-82-8 (7-13)		sediment dw		-	0.624mg/kg soil dw
Acetophenone	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.864mg/L	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC =
98-86-2 (0.5-1.5)	0.0864mg/L	0.178mg/kg			0.155mg/kg soil dw
		sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Cumene hydroperoxide	PNEC =	PNEC =			
80-15-9 (80-85)	0.00031mg/L	0.0023mg/kg			
		sediment dw			
Cumene	PNEC =	PNEC =			
98-82-8 (7-13)	0.0035mg/L	0.322mg/kg			
		sediment dw			
Acetophenone	PNEC =	PNEC =			
98-86-2 (0.5-1.5)	0.00864mg/L	0.0178mg/kg			
·		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

		Glove material Nitrile rubber Neoprene Natural rubber PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
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Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use **Respiratory Protection**

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure Small scale/Laboratory use

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

On basis of test data

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

No information available **Appearance**

Odor pungent

No data available **Odor Threshold** -30 °C / -22 °F **Melting Point/Range** Softening Point No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available Flammability (liquid) Combustible liquid

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 83 °C / 181.4 °F Method - No information available

380 °C / 716 °F **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available

Self-Accelerating Decomposition 75°C

Temperature (SADT)

рH No information available No data available **Viscosity**

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Cumene hydroperoxide 1.6 Cumene 3.55 Acetophenone 1.65

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.060

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Bulk Density

Not applicable

Liquid

Vapor Density

No data available

(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC9 H12 O2Molecular Weight152.19

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Oxidizing Properties Oxidizer

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity Yes

10.2. Chemical stability

Organic peroxide. Hazardous decomposition may occur. Oxidizer: Contact with

combustible/organic material may cause fire.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Temperatures above 40 °C / 104 °F. Excess heat. Do not freeze. Combustible material. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing Agent. Acids. Bases. Heavy metals. Strong reducing

agents. Combustible material.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4InhalationCategory 3

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Cumene hydroperoxide	LD50 = 382 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 0.126 mL/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 220 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Cumene	1400 mg/kg(Rat) 2700 mg/kg(Rat)	LD50 = 12300 μL/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 3577 ppm (Rat) 6 h
2,2-Dimethylbenzyl alcohol	LD50 = 1300 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 1 mL/kg (Rabbit)	-
Acetophenone	900 mg/kg (Rat)	3300 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 > 2.130 mg/L (Rat) 8 h

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815 mg/kg (Rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

Category 1 (c) serious eye damage/irritation;

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available No data available Skin

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Category 1B (f) carcinogenicity;

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Cumene				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Respiratory system, Eyes, Skin, Gastrointestinal tract (GI), Kidney. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Contains a substance which is:. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Cumene hydroperoxide	LC50: = 3.9 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
Cumene	LC50: = 5.1 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Poecilia reticulata)	EC50: = 0.6 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	EC50: = 2.6 mg/L, 72h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

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	LC50: = 2.7 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 6.04 - 6.61 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 4.8 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50: 7.9 - 14.1 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)	
Acetophenone	Brachydanio rerio: LC50 = 155 mg/L 96h	EC50 = 162 mg/L 48h	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Cumene	EC50 = 0.89 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 1.10 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 1.48 mg/L 30 min	
	EC50 = 172 mg/L 24 h	
Acetophenone	EC50 = 15.5 mg/L 15 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable

Persistence

Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Cumene hydroperoxide	1.6	35.5 dimensionless
Cumene	3.55	35.5 dimensionless
Acetophenone	1.65	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products**

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

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European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH

and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN3109

14.2. UN proper shipping name ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID

Technical Shipping Name CUMYL HYDROPEROXIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 5.2

14.4. Packing group

ADR

14.1. UN number UN3109

14.2. UN proper shipping name ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID

Technical Shipping Name CUMYL HYDROPEROXIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 5.2

14.4. Packing group

IATA

14.1. UN number UN3109

14.2. UN proper shipping name ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID

Technical Shipping Name CUMYL HYDROPEROXIDE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 5.2

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

nsport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Cumene hydroperoxide	80-15-9	201-254-7	-	-	Х	X	KE-24814	X	X
Cumene	98-82-8	202-704-5	-	-	Х	Х	KE-23957	Х	Х
2,2-Dimethylbenzyl alcohol	617-94-7	210-539-5	-	-	Х	Х	KE-11212	Χ	X

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Acetophenone	98-86-2	202-708-7	-	-	Х	Χ	KE-28355	Χ	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inv		DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
			Active-In	active					
Cumene hydroperoxide	80-15-9	Х	ACTI\	/E	Х	-	X	Χ	Χ
Cumene	98-82-8	Х	ACTI\	/E	Х	-	X	X	Х
2,2-Dimethylbenzyl alcohol	617-94-7	Х	ACTI\	/E	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetophenone	98-86-2	Х	ACTI\	/E	Х	-	X	X	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Cumene hydroperoxide	80-15-9	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Cumene	98-82-8	-	-	-
2,2-Dimethylbenzyl alcohol	617-94-7	-	-	-
Acetophenone	98-86-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Cumene hydroperoxide	80-15-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Cumene	98-82-8	Not applicable	Not applicable
2,2-Dimethylbenzyl alcohol	617-94-7	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetophenone	98-86-2	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

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Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Cumene hydroperoxide	WGK2	
Cumene	WGK1	
Acetophenone	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)			
Cumene	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84			
Acetophenone	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84			

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Cumene	Prohibited and Restricted	Group I	
98-82-8 (7-13)	Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H242 - Heating may cause a fire

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H350 - May cause cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

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EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

TWA - Time Weighted Average

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Cumyl hydroperoxide

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Ships

Transport Association

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data Calculation method **Health Hazards Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 02-Feb-2010 **Revision Date** 29-Sep-2023

Revision Summary SDS sections updated.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet